

Instructions for confocal microscopy of cells in the Mimetix[®] scaffold (12-well format)

Confocal microscopy is a useful tool to obtain high-resolution images of cells within the Mimetix scaffold and investigate their depth profile. In the example protocol in the next paragraph, structures were stained with a) TO-PRO[®] 3 (nuclei) and b) Rhodamine 6G (fibres) or b) TO-PRO[®] 3 (nuclei) and Alexa Fluor[®] 488 Phalloidin (all from Life Technologies).

Cell seeding:

For a typical experiment using Mimetix in a 12-well plate format, prepare a cell suspension at a concentration of 100,000 - 500,000 cells/mL for short experiments (1-3 days), or 50,000 – 250,000 cells/mL for longer experiments (up to 7 days) and add 1 mL into each well. Allow cells to adhere for 24 hours or overnight.

Cell staining:

- To fix the cells in the scaffolds, aspirate medium and add 0.5 mL pre-warmed 4% paraformaldehyde in PBS to each well.
- Incubate for 15-30 min, then aspirate paraformaldehyde, wash 2x with PBS and add 0.5 mL 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS to each well to permeabilise cell membranes (only necessary when performing Alexa Fluor[®] Phalloidin staining).
- Incubate for 5 min, then aspirate Triton X-100, wash 2x with PBS and add 0.5 mL 0.5% BSA in PBS to each well to act as a blocking agent (only necessary when performing Alexa Fluor[®] Phalloidin staining).
- Incubate for 30-60 min, then aspirate 0.5% BSA in PBS, wash 2x with PBS and add 200 μ L Alexa Fluor[®] Phalloidin working solution into each sample.
- Incubate for 30-60 min, then aspirate Alexa Fluor[®] 488 Phalloidin, wash 2x with PBS and add 1 mL TO-PRO[®] 3 working solution (1:10,000 in PBS) to each dish.
- Incubate for 10 min, then aspirate TO-PRO[®] 3, wash 2x with PBS and 1x with water to prevent the formation of salt crystals.
- Remove scaffold discs from wells and place on a glass slide, cell-seeded side facing up. Add a drop of mounting medium, place cover slip on top (dry off excess mounting medium with paper towel) and seal edges with nail varnish.
- Image stained cells within Mimetix by exciting Alexa Fluor[®] 488 Phalloidin at 488 nm using an Argon laser and detecting at 500-550 nm, Rhodamine 6G-labelled fibres at 543 nm using a He-Ne laser and detecting at 550-615 nm, and TO-PRO[®] 3 at 633 nm using a He-Ne laser and detecting at 650-710 nm.

